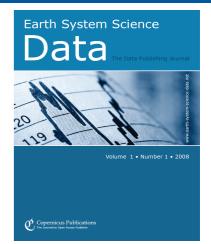
Novel approaches in open data access and science -

Publishers' viewpoint

Hans Pfeiffenberger

Alfred-Wegener-Institute for Polar and Marine Research, Helmholtz Association - Germany

3rd Nordic ENVRI workshop on data management and interoperability, Lund, 2015-10-28







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Publishing - with a capital P

- A Marketing Meme to emphasize a distinction
 - to publish: make publicly available, e.g. upload to website
 - to Publish as in Scientific Publishing:
 - is a quite formal, "ritualised" process requires systematic 3rd party scrutiny
 => QA supposedly yields higher quality
 - establishes priority
 - quality + priority => reputation => willingness to share
 - published items become part of "The Records of Science"



(Data) Publishing - with a capital P

- Standardized, well known process
 - => TRUST => we can build on the work of others !!
- Apply these mechanisms to data
 - get all the benefits!! ??
 - thus: "Data Publishing with a capital P"
- In a broader sense, this is about:
 To make data a legitimate part of research culture

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Agenda

- A little bit of "historical perspective"
- Impression from recent publishers' workshop (COPDESS)
- ESSD, a Data Publishing journal, est. 2008
 with a note on presentation of data
- Linked Scientific Information
 (all Capital Letters) but what are the objects?

An impression from history of science

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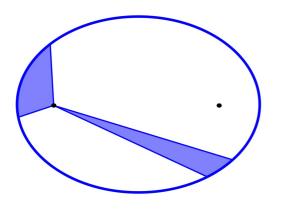
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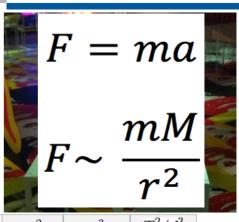


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Modern Science is based on data – since Renaissance!

- 1606 1618: Kepler's Laws
 - · reduced Tycho Brahe's quality data
- 1684 1687 Newton De Motu Principia
 - explained (!) Kepler's laws

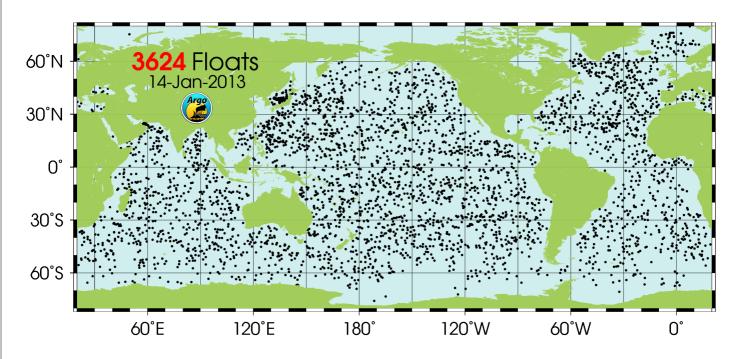




			SANT CONTRACTOR		
Planet	T	d	T^2	d^3	T^2/d^3
Merkur	0,241	0,387	0,058081	0,057960603	1,002077221
Venus	0,615	0,723	0,378225	0,377933067	1,000772446
Erde	1	1	1	1	1
Mars	1,881	1,524	3,538161	3,539605824	0,999591812
Jupiter	11,863	5,203	140,730769	140,8515004	0,999142846
Saturn	29,458	9,555	867,773764	872,3526289	0,994751131

T = siderische Umlaufzeit in trop. Jahren d = große Halbachse in astronomischen Einheiten (Abstand Erde–Sonne)

The biggest experiment on this planet - ARGO



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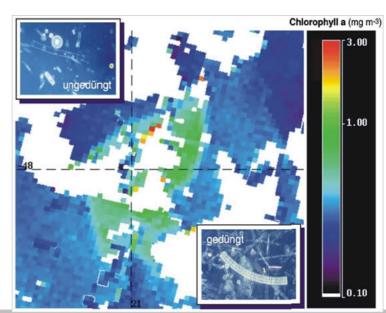
7



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An important, "typical" Experiment

- EISENEX / EIFEX : Two expeditions of "Polarstern" :
 With a few tons of iron fertilizer, south of Capetown
- EIFEX (2004):
 - 54 scientists and students from
 - 14 institutes and 3 companies from
 - 7 EU countries and South Africa
 - Oceanographers
 - Biologists
 - Chemists.....
- "Biogeochemistry"
- + Satellite observations!



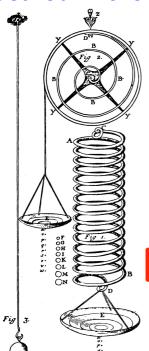


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TRANSACTIONS:

GIVING SOMB

Scared in the 17th Century



ACCOMPT

OF THE PRESENT Undertakings, Studies, and Labours

OF THE

INGENIOUS

INMANY

CONSIDERABLE PARTS

OF THE

Hooke, published his law

WORLD

1676 by anagram "ceiiinossssttuv"

For Anno 1665, and 1666.

In the SAVOY,

1678 in booklet Printed by T. N. for John Martyn at the Bell, a little without Temple-Bar, and James Allestry in Duck-Lane, Printers to the Royal Society.

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Impressions from COPDESS

Coalition on Publishing Data in the Earth and Space Sciences -

FORCE11 » Groups » Joint Declaration of Data Citation Principles - FINAL

JOINT DECLARATION OF DATA CITATION PRINCIPLES - FINAL

When citing please use: Data Citation Synthesis Group: Joint Declaration of Data Citation Principles. Martone M. (ed.) San Diego CA: FORCE11; 2014 [https://www.force11.org/datacitation].

ENDORSEMENT LIST



PREAMBLE

Sound, reproducible scholarship rests upon a foundation of robust, accessible data. For this to be so in practice as well as theory, data must be accorded due importance in the practice of scholarship and in the enduring scholarly record. In other words, data should be considered legitimate, citable products of research.

Data citation, like the citation of other evidence and sources, is good research practice and



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Journals' Transparency Criteria

- TOP: modular, agnostic to disciplines, low barrier to entry; categories are:
 - a) data citation
 - b) design transparency (standard operating procedures, protocols)
 - c) materials transparency
 - d) data transparency
 - e) analytical methods (code) transparency
 - f) preregistration of studies
 - g) preregistration of analysis plans
 - h) replication
- 3 levels
 - level 1: article states whether data are available and where to access
 - level 2: data has to be in trusted repository
 - level 3: data in TR, but reported analyses will be reproduced independently





Directory of trustworthy repositories (for ESS):

- Discipline-specific, because only those
 - can catch the needed metadata
 - can be regarded sustainable
- In order of specificity:
 - re3data.org
 - "something" developed by AGU/NSF/COS
 - journals' lists (ESSD, Scientific Data)
- Certification
 - WDS (actually an accreditation process)
 - Data Seal of Approval

Identifiers

- For data: persistent identifiers for data,
 - ⇒ preferably DOIs, implying fixity, integrity!
- For authors, contributors: ORCID
 - ⇒ all publishers to use ORCID, even the ORCID AuthN service
- For samples: IGSN
- For grants: FundRef (http://www.crossref.org/fundref/)
 - ⇒ http://dx.doi.org/10.13039/501100000780, "European Commission",
 - "narrower": [{"resource": "http://dx.doi.org/ 10.13039/501100000889"},

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Transparency = Openness?

- The "How" of Open
 - Is registration acceptable ??
 - Which kind of license (if any)
- The "When" of Open
 - Some time after end of data acquisition?
 - Some time after end of project / funding?
 - At time of publication?!
 - After acceptance?
 - If there is an on-going embargo, how can reviewers have access?

ESSD – Data Publishing in practise

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2013: CO above Troll Station, Original Data

BAS microwave radiometerCO profiles acquired at Troll station, Antarctica between Feb 2008 and Jan 2010 Contact: Patrick Espy, tel: +47 73 55 10 95, email: patrick.espy@ntnu.no

date [UT]: 2009-10-19 10:44:06

apriori contribution: The profile is most reliable where the contribution from the a priori profile is less than approx. Negative values are a scaling artifact and should be regarded as close to 0.

The 2-sigma systematic errors provided have been determined using perturbation calculations:

temperature error: error induced by the temperature profile (estimated error = 5K) needed as

additional information for the retrieval, mainly random calibration error: error induced by the calibration of the measured spectrum (estimated error = 10 percent), can be sys spectroscopy error: we used lineintensity from HITRAN 2004 with an estimated error of 2 percent, systematic

channel shape error: uncertainty due to the use of a modified channel response function in the retrieval in order to cor for an instability in one of the radiometers local oscillators after 2008-08-09, systematic Error from measurement noise [K]: 0.1510, random
Smoothing error: This error only needs to be considered if the profiles of the BAS radiometer are compared to

profiles with a significantly larger vertical resolution. For such a comparison the better way would be to convolve the high-resolution profile with the AVK of the retrievals.

Sum of errors: To build the sum of certain errors they are added up as follows sqrt(error1^2 + error2^2)

pressure [hPa]	altitude [km]		ori contribution cent]	n temperature [ppmv]	error	calibration [ppmv]	error spectro	scopy error
0.749894	50.679	0.060	-5.939	0.003	0.048	0.010	0.234	0.011
0.562341	53.021	0.065	-20.151	0.002	0.056	0.011	0.319	0.012
0.421697	55.337	0.072	-27.600	0.002	0.061	0.012	0.349	0.013
0.316228	57.609	0.080	-29.442	0.004	0.067	0.013	0.298	0.015

Sun-earth Interactions

measurements carried out in order to study the dynamical context.

The data set covers the period from February 2008 to January 2010, however, due to very low CO concentrations

General Information Submission

Abstract. This paper presents mesospheric carbon monoxide (CO) data acquired by the ground-based microwave radiometer of the British Antarctic Survey (BAS radiometer) stationed at Troll station in Antarctica (72° S, 2.5° E, 1270 a.m.s.l.). The data set covers the period from February 2008 to January 2010, however, due to very low CO

ESSD Principles and Criteria

- ESSD expects data to be at a repository and be
 - Open Access, static, with a DOI
- ESSD expects authors to describe in the article
 - provenance, methods, limitations, estimates of error
- ESSD expects reviewers to
 - actually look at the data
 - assess consistency of article and dataset

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Fluxes of sedimenting material from sediment traps in the Atlantic Ocean

S. Torres-Valdés¹, S. C. Painter¹, A. P. Martin¹, R. Sanders¹, and J. Felden²

¹Ocean Biogeochemistry and Ecosystems Research Group, Southampton, SO14 3ZH, UK

²Center for Marine Environmental Sciences, Universität Bre Bremen, Germany

Review Status

This discussion paper is under review for the journal Earth System Science Data (ESSD).

A huge work to find, assess, collate (quality) data;

24 out of 43 text pages are source data references!

Abstract. We provide a data set assemblage of directly observed and derived fluxes of sedimenting material (total mass, POC, PON, BSiO₂, CaCO₃, PIC and lithogenic/terrigenous fluxes) obtained using sediment traps. This data assemblage contains over 5900 data points distributed across the Atlantic, from the Arctic Ocean to the Southern Ocean Data from the Mediterranean Sea are also included. Data were compiled from a variety of sources: data repositories (e.g., BCO-DMO, PANGAEA), time series sites (e.g., BATS, CARIACO), published scientific papers and data provided by originating PI's. All sources are specified within the combined data set. Data from the World Ocean Atlas 2009 were extracted to coincide with flux



2012: Nature Climate Change, ESSD and CDIAC

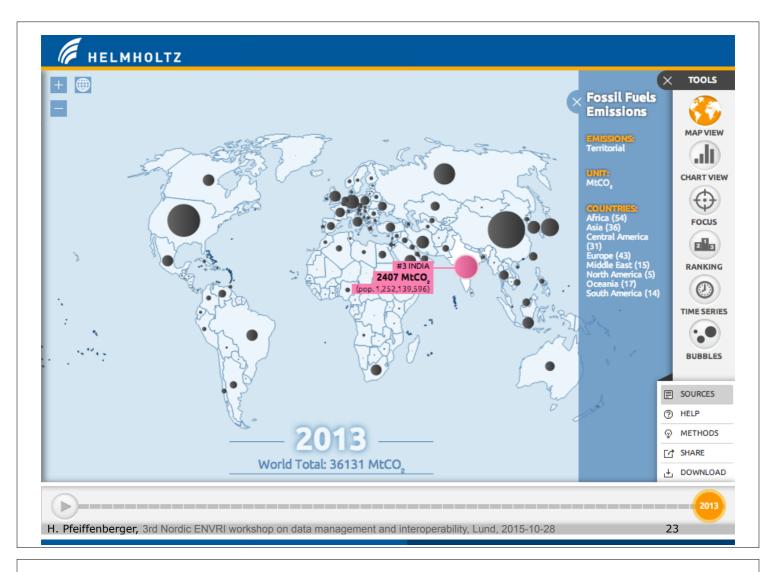
		Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	
	1		Terrestrial CO ₂ si	nk (positive valu	es represent a flux	from the atmosp	here to the land)		
	2		All values in petag	grams of carbon (per year (PgC/yr), fo	or the globe. For v	alues in carbon did	oxide (CO ₂), multi	
	3		1PgC = 1 petagram	m of carbon = 1 b	illion tonnes C = 1	gigatonne C = 3.67	billion tonnes of 0	CO₂	
	4		Cite as:						
natu	5		CLM4CN		, Oleson, K. W., Flar				
clin	7		HYLAND LPJ-GUESS		R. Cannell, et al. (2				
	8		LPJ-GUESS		entice, et al. (2001) h, et al. (2003). "Eva				
Home C	9		O-CN		is, et al. (2011). "Ca	•			
Opinion &	10		ORCHIDEE		iovy, et al. (2005). "			_	
	11		SDGVM Woodward, F. I. and M. R. Lomas (2004). "Vegetation dynamics - simulating responses to						
NATURE C	12		JULES		. Mercado, et al. (2				
	13 14		VEGAS	Zeng, N., A. Mar	iotti, et al. (2005). "	Terrestrial mecha	nisms of interannu	ual CO2 variability.	
The c	15		Terrestrial CO2 si	nk as a residual	Models				
Glen P. Pe	16	Year	of the global carl	oon budget	CLM4CN	HYLAND	LPJ-GUESS	LPJ	
Le Quéré,	17	1959	0,42		0,79	2,02	0,42	-0,83	
Affiliation	18	1960	1,14		0,75	1,53	1,16	0,81	
Aimidion	19	1961	1,20		0,30	1,71	-0,07	-0,55	
Nature Cli	20	1962	1,76		0,79	2,37	1,25	0,57	
Published -	21	1963	1.72		-1,20	1,81	0,26	-0,37	
H. Pfeiffei				ata management a	and interoperability,	Lund, 2015-10-28		21	



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Global Carbon Atlas - Visualization

- Note the two panels in www.globalcarbonatlas.org
 - data journalism ("emissions")
 - scientific visualization ("research")
- At the project website www.globalcarbonproject.org
 "real life" and linkage between publications and data





Conclusions

- "Earth Science" is a "Big Data" problem ("Variety" in 3 Vs)
 - finding and exploiting patterns in metadata and data
- Still needs Publishing processes
 - For quality assurance and recognition
 - Published text is the best "metadata" one can have
 - Articles are still the linking hubs in the digital assets ecosystem
- Needs trustworthy infrastructures for data, software, ...
 - most of all skilled people doing all the curatorial stuff etc.
- Clever systems exploiting all this for discovery, aggregation, analysis, ... real time alerting, disaster mitigation, ...

Thank you!

copdess.org

earth-syst-sci-data.net

expedition.awi.de

oa.helmholtz.de

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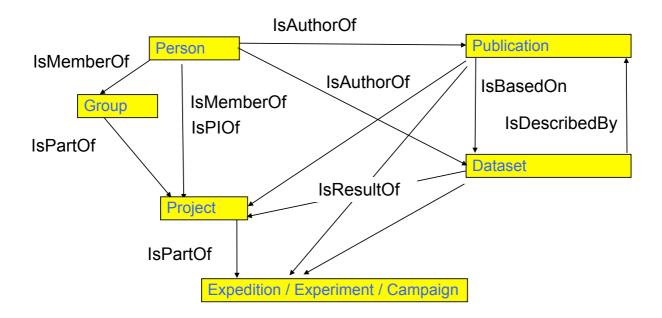


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Bonus Material - (almost) not shown in session

There is more than separate publications and data! Let's link it!

Pfeiffenberger, Macario, Text, Data and People, OAI4, CERN 2005



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PANGAEA - Elsevier



Related Articles

- The tropical rainbelt and productivity changes off nort...
 Marine Micropaleontology
- Temporal variability in living deep-sea benthic foramin...
 Earth-Science Reviews
- Early Maastrichtian benthic foraminiferal assemblages f... Marine Micropaleontology

eXpedition (in production since 2005)

Related Information: "Reports on Polar and Marine Research" (1982 to date)

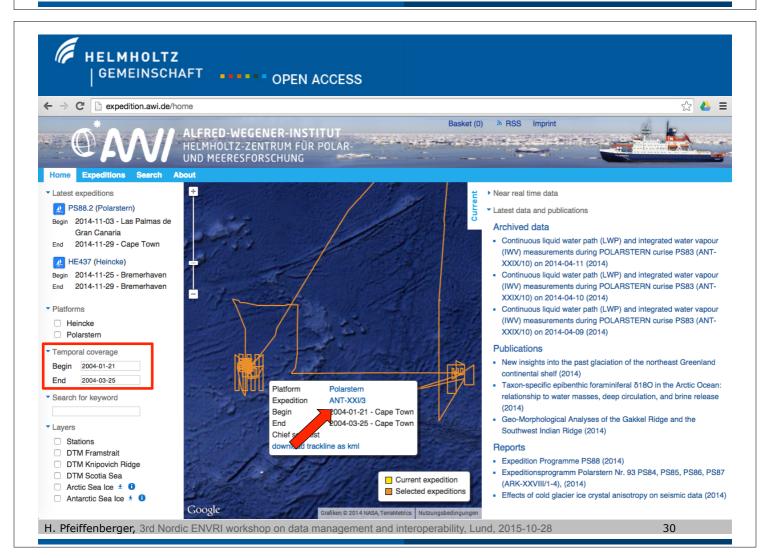
Primary data (all polarstern datasets in PANGAEA)

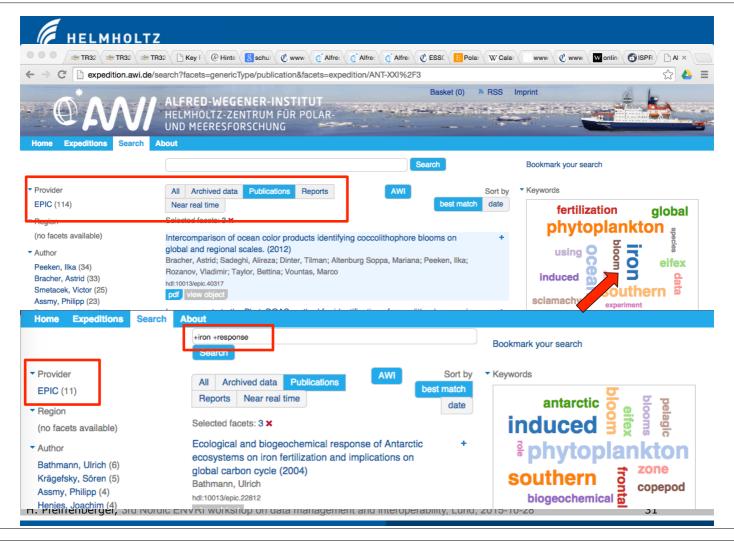
Handbook and scientific device documentation(in deutsch)

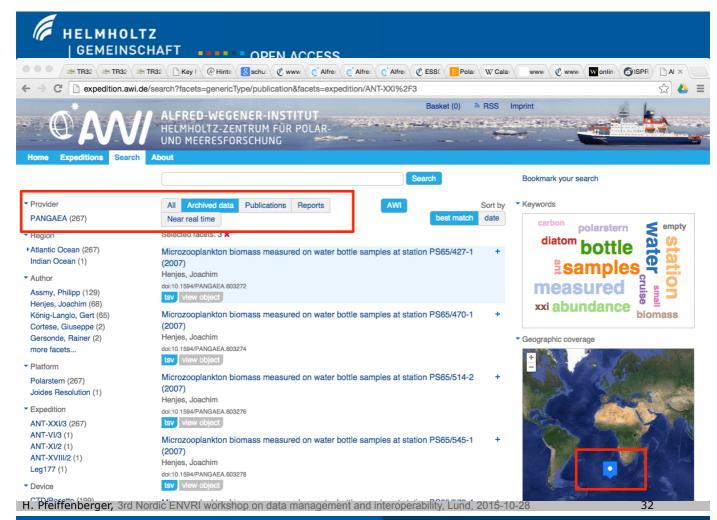
DShip (Polarstern Data Acquisition System)

VirtualPS: Virtual Polarstern Tour

Expedition	Date Port	Region Research	Publications & Primary Data	Details
ANT-XXI/3	21.01.2004 -	Atlantic/Indian Ocean,	ePIC: Publications	•
Coordinator: Pörtner, H. Chief scientist: Smetacek, V.	25.03.2004 Capetown - Capetown [Map(png)]	Polar frontal zone Biology EIFEX	ePIC: Reports on Polar and Marine Research ePIC: Weekly reports PANGAEA: Stations PANGAEA: Datasets [Note: Publications and datasets for recent cruises may not yet be available]	;
ANT-XXI/4	27.03.2004 - 06.05.2004	Lazarev Sea Biology, Krill, GLOBEC	ePIC: Publications ePIC: Reports on Polar and Marine Research	•
J Dfoiffonborgon 3ro			d interoperability, Lund, 2015-10-28	29

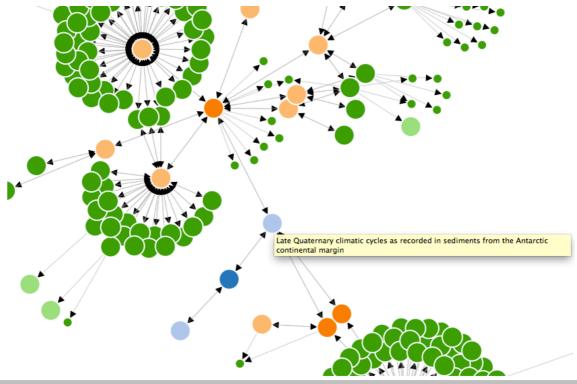








eXpedition - Publications and Data network

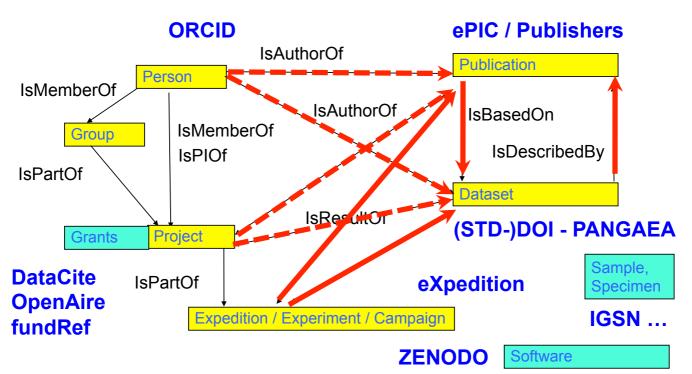


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3:



Pfeiffenberger, Carlson, TR32 DM WS Cologne 2014



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