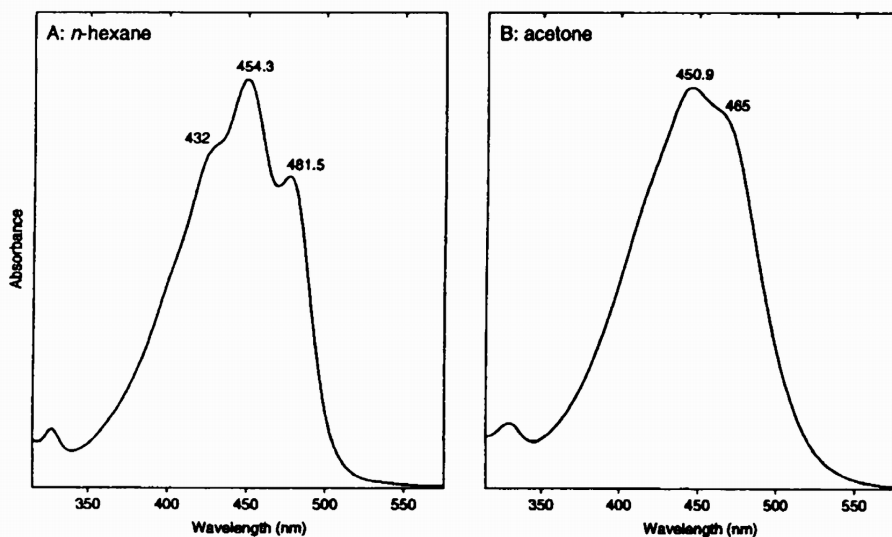
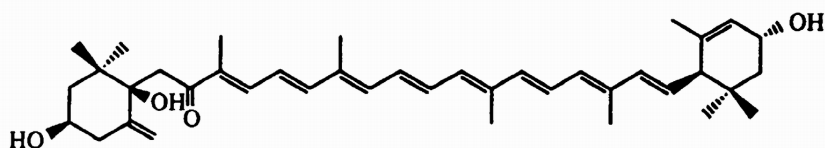


Standard spectrum in reference solvents

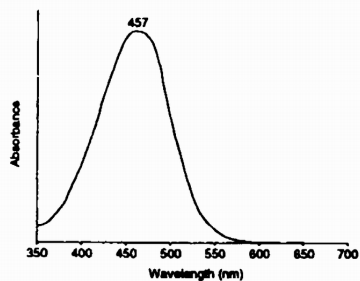


Molecular structure



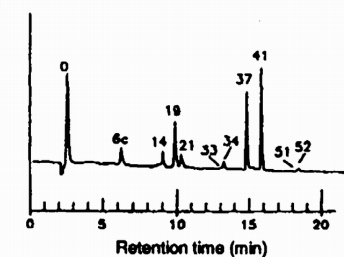
The chiralities at C-3 and C-6 are tentative and are based on biochemical arguments.

Diode array spectrum in Mantoura & Llewellyn* eluant



HPLC: Prasinoxanthin, peak 19

Pycnococcus provasolii



Property

Data

Name:	(Trivial)	Prasinoxanthin
	(IUPAC)	Formerly Xanthophyll K, Ricketts (1970) (3'R,6'R)-3,6,3'-Trihydroxy-7,8-dihydro- γ , ϵ -caroten-8-one
SCOR abbreviation:		Pras
Occurrence:		Major pigment in some prasinophytes (e.g. some Micromonadophyceae)
Colour:		Deep pink
Molecular formula:		C ₄₀ H ₅₆ O ₄
Molecular weight:		600.88
Specific extinction coefficient:		2500 (at 446 nm in diethyl ether)
E ₁ ^{1%} _{cm} (100 ml g ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹)		Not determined; recommended by Foss <i>et al.</i> (1984)
Molar extinction coefficient:		150 x 10 ³ (at 446 nm in diethyl ether)
ϵ (l mol ⁻¹ cm ⁻¹)		Calculated from E ₁ ^{1%} _{cm} above

UV-vis spectra:

Solvent	Maxima (nm)			Band ratio %III:II	Reference
	I	II	III		
Acetone		450.9 (465)		0	SCOR WG 78 data
Diethyl ether		446 (466)		0	Foss <i>et al.</i> (1984)
Hexane	(432)	454.3	481.5	9	SCOR WG 78 data
HPLC Eluant		457		0	SCOR WG 78: Mantoura & Llewellyn (1983) method
HPLC Eluant		450 (470)			SCOR WG 78 ; Wright <i>et al.</i> (1991) method

Alteration products:

Cis-isomers

Culture from which SCOR data were obtained:

Pycnococcus provasolii (prasinophyte)

Additional reference(s):

Ricketts (1970); Foss *et al.* (1984);
Foss *et al.* (1986); Hooks *et al.* (1988)

*Mantoura and Llewellyn (1983)