

# Master Track RV Polarstern ARK-VII/2

## Data Processing Report

### Contents

<b>1 Introduction</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2 Workflow</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>3 Cruise details</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>4 Sensor Layout</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>5 Processing Report</b>	<b>3</b>

Contact:

Dr. Rainer Knust  
Alfred Wegener Institute  
Columbusstrasse, D-27568 Bremerhaven, GERMANY  
Tel: +49(471)4831-1709  
Fax: +49(471)4831-1918  
Mail: Polarstern-Coordination@awi.de

Processing Agency:

FIELAX Gesellschaft für wissenschaftliche Datenverarbeitung mbH  
Schleusenstr. 14, D-27568 Bremerhaven, GERMANY  
Tel: +49 (0) 471 30015 0  
Fax: +49 (0) 471 30015 22  
Mail: info@fielax.de

Ref.: ARK-VII_2_nav.pdf	Vers.: 1	Date: 2016/02/12	Status: final
-------------------------	----------	------------------	---------------

# 1 Introduction

This report describes the processing of raw data acquired by position sensors on board RV Polarstern during expedition ARK-VII/2 to receive a validated master track which is used as reference of further expedition data.

# 2 Workflow

The different steps of processing and validation are visualized in figure 1. Unvalidated data of up to three sensors are extracted from the DAVIS SHIP data base (<https://dship.awi.de>) in a 1-second interval or 5-second interval for cruises earlier than ARK-IX/2. They are converted to ESRI point shapefiles and imported to ArcGIS. A visual screening is performed to evaluate data quality and remove outliers manually. For all resulting position tracks, a quality check is performed using a ship's speed filter, an acceleration filter and a course-change filter. Filtered positions are flagged. In addition, a manual check is performed to flag obvious outliers. Those position tracks are combined to a single master track depending on a sensor priority list (by accuracy, reliability) and availability / applied exclusion of automatically or manually flagged of data. Missing data up to a time span of 60 seconds are linearly interpolated to achieve a master track with 1-second resolution. To reduce the amount of points for overview maps the master track is generalized by using the Ramer-Douglas-Peucker algorithm. This algorithm returns only the most significant points from the track. Full master track and generalized master track are written to text files and imported to PANGAEA (<http://www.pangaea.de>) for publication.



Figure 1: Workflow of master track data processing

### 3 Cruise details

Vessel name	RV Polarstern
Cruise name	ARK-VII/2
Cruise start	10.07.1990 Tromsø
Cruise end	15.08.1990 Tromsø
Cruise duration	37 days

### 4 Sensor Layout

This chapter describes the position sensors mounted during this cruise.

#### Position sensors

Sensor name	<b>System Position Information</b> , short: System
Description	Position information delivered to the System

Sensor name	<b>Navigation Automation Control System</b> , short: NACOS
Description	Navigation system of the ship

Sensor name	<b>Ashtech Z-12</b> , short: Ashtech
Description	GPS-Receiver

#### Position data from Parasound-surveys

Additionally to the up to three position sensors mounted, there are positions available extracted from the header-information of Parasound-surveys which are already processed and checked for quality and validity. If those data exist for this cruise, these data will be used instead of the derived master track. These data are identified as follows.

Sensor name	<b>Corrected Parasound-Navigation</b> , short: Parasound-NAV
Description	Already processed Position information from Parasound navigation

## 5 Processing Report

### Database Extraction

Data source	DSHIP database (dship.awi.de)
Exported values	630720
First dataset	1990-07-10T12:00:03 UTC
Last dataset	1990-08-15T23:59:58 UTC

### Automatic Validation

The following thresholds were applied for the automatic flagging of the position data:

Speed	Maximum 20 kn between two datapoints.
Acceleration	Maximum 1 m/s <sup>2</sup> between two datapoints.
Change of course	Maximum 5° between two datapoints.

### Manual Validation

Obvious outliers were removed manually. For details see Processing Logbook of RV Polarstern (hdl:[10013/epic.45909](#)).

### Flagging result

	System		NACOS		Ashtech	
Missing	2591	0.411%	630720	100.000%	630720	100.000%
Speed	4230	0.671%	0	0.000%	0	0.000%
Acceleration	211956	33.605%	0	0.000%	0	0.000%
Course	224295	35.562%	0	0.000%	0	0.000%
Manually	639	0.101%	0	0.000%	0	0.000%

### Master Track Generation

The master track is derived from the position sensors' data selected by priority.

Sensor priority used:

1. System
2. <not used>
3. <not used>

Filters applied: manual, speed.

Distribution of position sensor data in master track:

Sensor	Data points	Percentage
Total	3153596	100.000 %
Parasound-NAV	0	0.000 %
System	622839	19.750 %
NACOS	0	0.000 %
Ashtech	0	0.000 %
Interpolated	2521409	79.953 %
Gaps	9348	0.296 %

### Remarks

From ARK-V/1 to ARK-IX/1b, the data are only available in 5-second resolution and only from System-Position.

### Score

For each cruise, a score is calculated ranging from 0 (no data) to 100 (only very good data). the score for the cruise ARK-VII/2 is 67.

### Generalization

The master track is generalized to receive a reduced set of the most significant positions of the track using the Ramer-Douglas-Peucker algorithm and allow a maximum tolerated distance between points and generalized line of 4 arcseconds.

Results:

Number of generalized points	4827 points
Data reduction	99.8469 %

## Result files

### Report in XML format:

The XML contains all information of the master track generation in a machine-readable format. In addition a XSD schema file is provided.

### Master track text file:

The format is a plain text (tab-delimited values) file with one data row in 1 second interval.

Column separator	Tabulator "\t"	
Column 1	Date and time expressed according to ISO 8601	
Column 3	Latitude in decimal format, unit degree	
Column 4	Longitude in decimal format, unit degree	
Column 5	Flag for data source	
	0	Parasound-NAV
	1	System
	2	NACOS
	3	Ashtech
	INTERP	Interpolated point
	GAP	Missing data

### Text file of the generalized master track:

The format is a plain text (tab-delimited values) file.

Column separator	Tabulator "\t"
Column 1	Date and time expressed according to ISO 8601
Column 2	Latitude in decimal format, unit degree
Column 3	Longitude in decimal format, unit degree

### Processing Report:

This PDF document.

### Cruise map

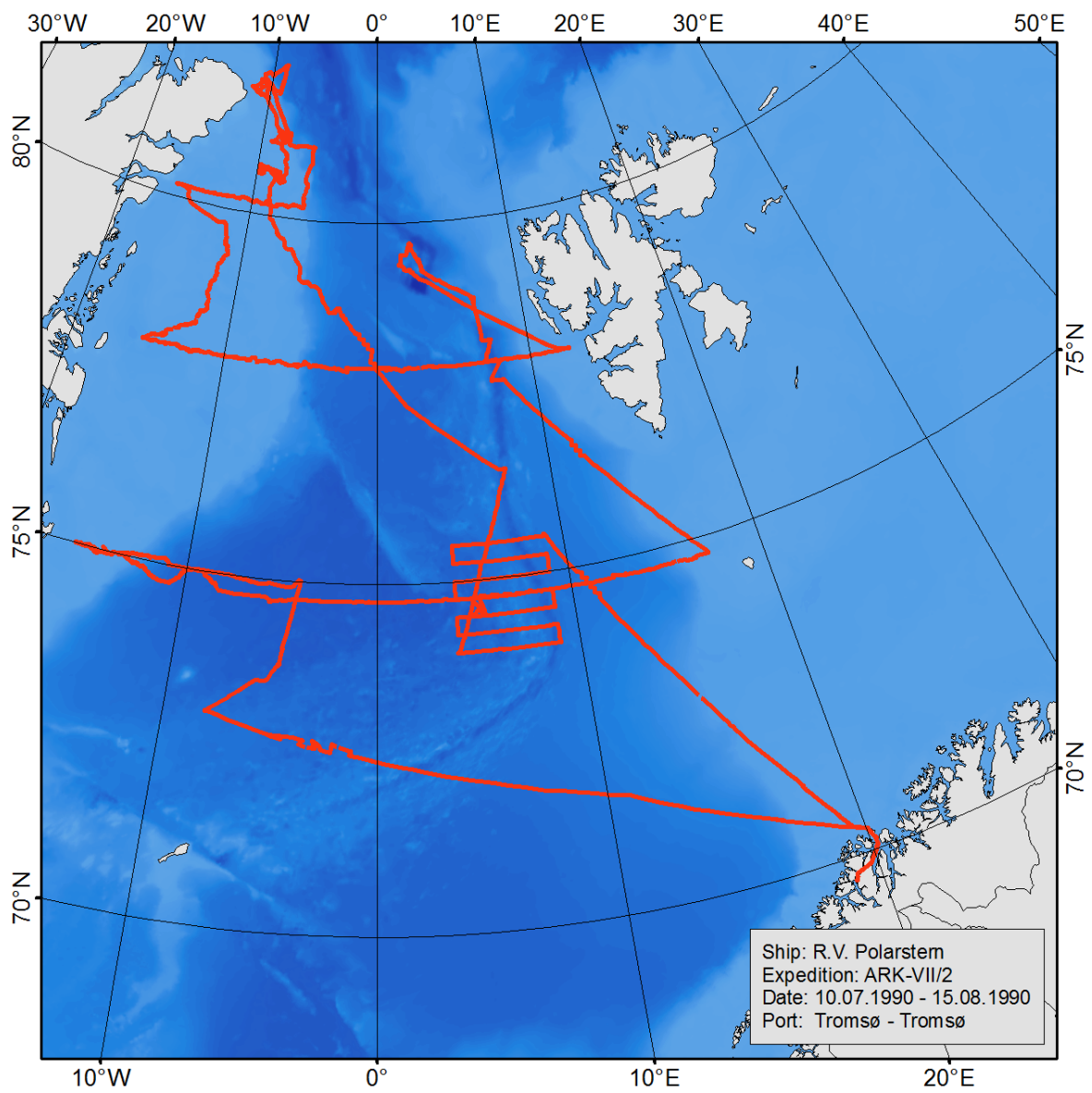


Figure 2: Map of the generalized master track