

Surface T/S Data RV "Heincke"

HE397

Data Processing Report

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1 Introduction

This report describes the processing of raw data acquired by the thermosalinograph on board RV "Heincke" during expedition HE397 to receive cleaned up and drift corrected salinity data.

2 Workflow

The different steps of processing are visualized in Figure 2. Unvalidated data of sensor, internal and external temperature are extracted from the DAVIS SHIP data base (<https://dship.awi.de>) in a 1-second interval for cruises from 2009 to 2014. The Salinity was calculated by applying the Practical Salinity Scale 1978 (PSS-78). Furthermore the sound velocity was derived by using the Del Grosso equation.

As first step, a basic cleanup was performed to remove missing or flagged data. Since the salinity measurements in coastal areas (e.g. rivers and ports) are less reliable, measurements in a buffer of 2 nautical miles (NM) along the coast are filtered. In the norwegian area (fjords) the buffer is set to 200 meters (0.108 NM). After the exclusion of data outside the speed interval of 0.5 kn to 15 kn, the salinity is driftcorrected with lab calibration data. In the next processing step the difference between the external and internal temperature is taken to identify an improper usage of the thermosalinograph. This filter is ignored if more than 90% of the data would get removed. After despiking, a visual screening is performed to enhance the data quality. In the last step the temporal resolution is reduced to 5-minutes-means.

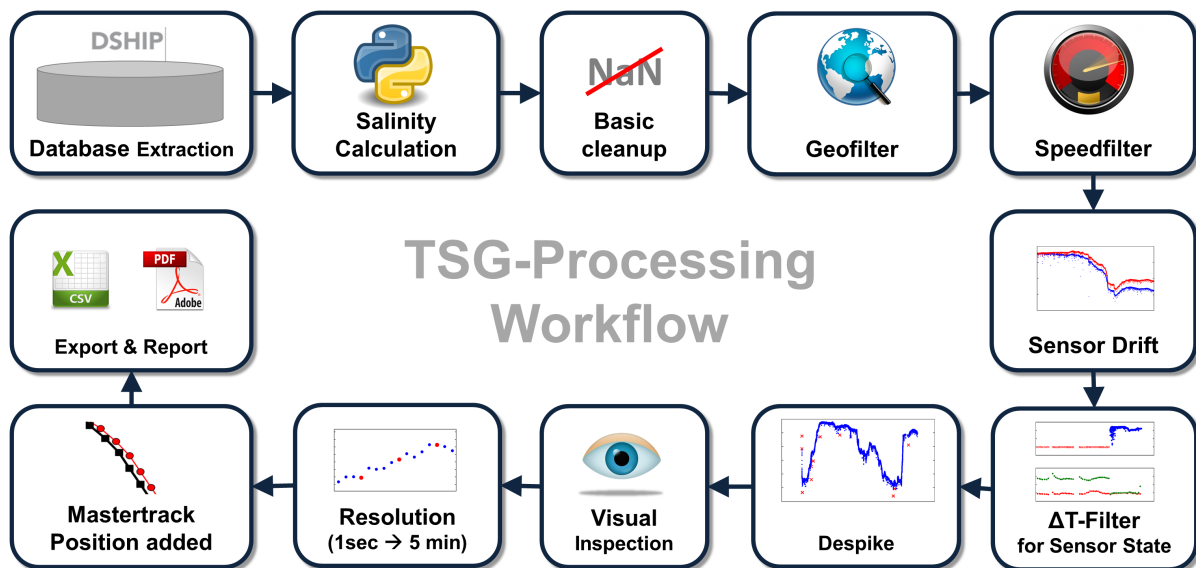


Figure 1: Workflow of TSG data processing

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Database Extraction

Data source	DSHIP database (dship.awi.de)
Exported values	691201
First dataset	2013-04-03T00:00:03 UTC
Last dataset	2013-04-11T00:00:00 UTC

Automatic Validation

The following thresholds were applied for the automatic flagging of the position data:

Min. speed	Minimum 0.5 kn between two datapoints.
Max. speed	Maximum 15 kn between two datapoints.
GeoBuffer	0.1080 NM around Norway, 2 NM anywhere else
Temperature	Maximum T-difference of 5 K.

Flagging result

Filter	Data left (abs.)	Data left (rel.)	Data removed (abs.)	Data removed (rel.)
Raw data	691201	100 %	—	—
Basic	680972	98.52 %	10229	1.48 %
Geo	547215	79.17 %	143986	20.83 %
Speed	525674	76.05 %	165527	23.95 %
Temperature	522926	75.65 %	168275	24.35 %
Despike	521295	75.42 %	169906	24.58 %
Manual	521063	75.39 %	170138	24.61 %
5-min-Mean	1831	0.26 %	689370	99.74 %

Sensordrift

Last calibration	24.05.2011
Current calibration	12.12.2013
Start of deployment	10.12.2012
End of deployment	10.12.2013
Scaled drift	-6.6460e-003 [PSU/month]
Minimal offset	2.4982e-002 [PSU]
Maximal offset	2.6391e-002 [PSU]

Process evolution

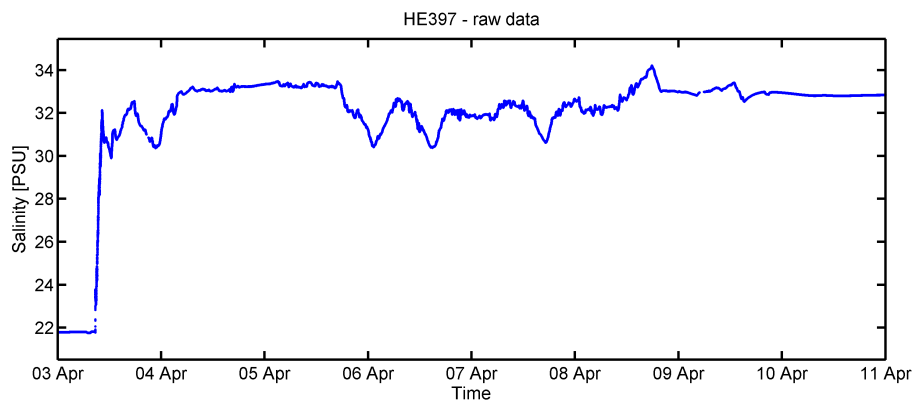


Figure 3: Raw salinity data.

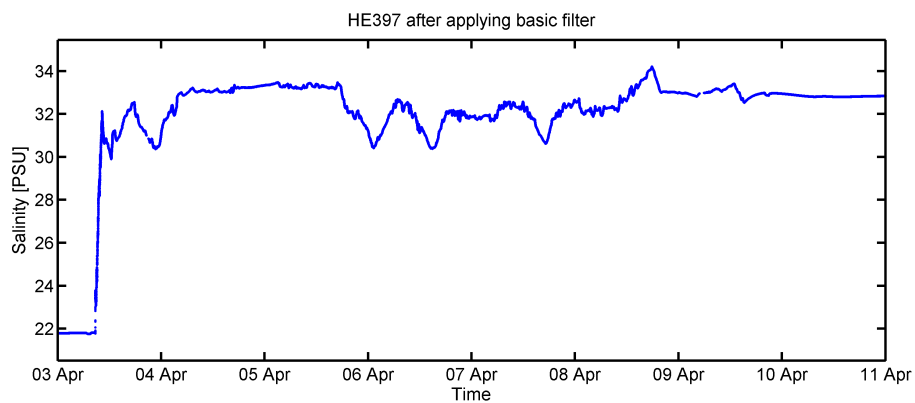


Figure 4: Salinity after basic filter.

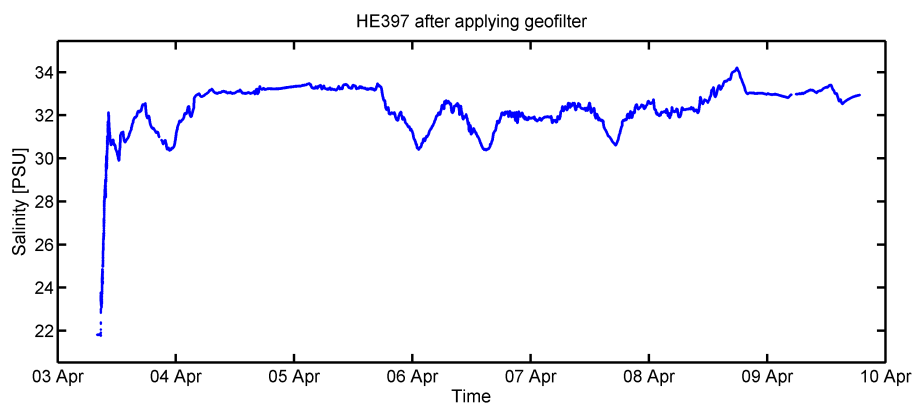


Figure 5: Salinity after geofilter.

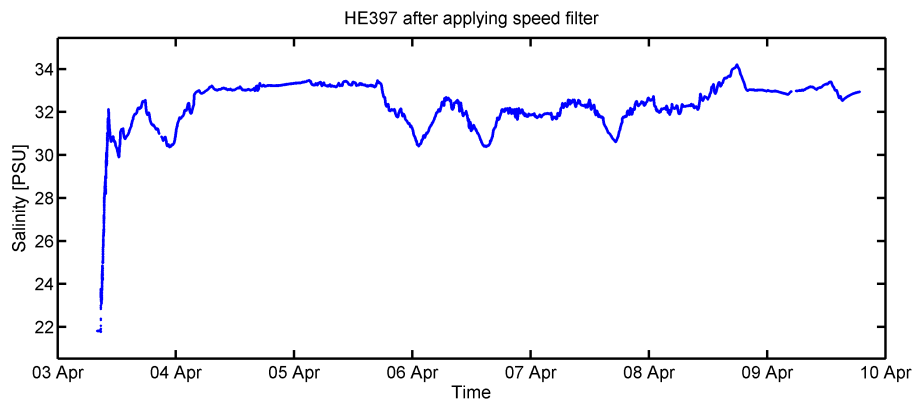


Figure 6: Salinity after speed filter.

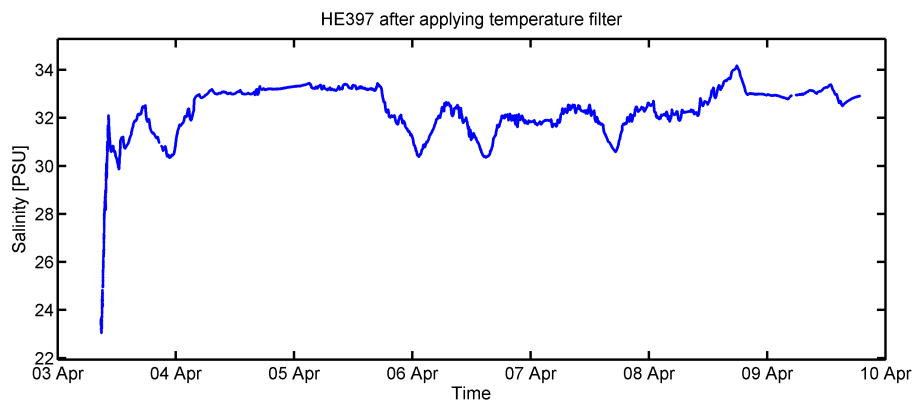


Figure 7: Salinity after temperature filter.

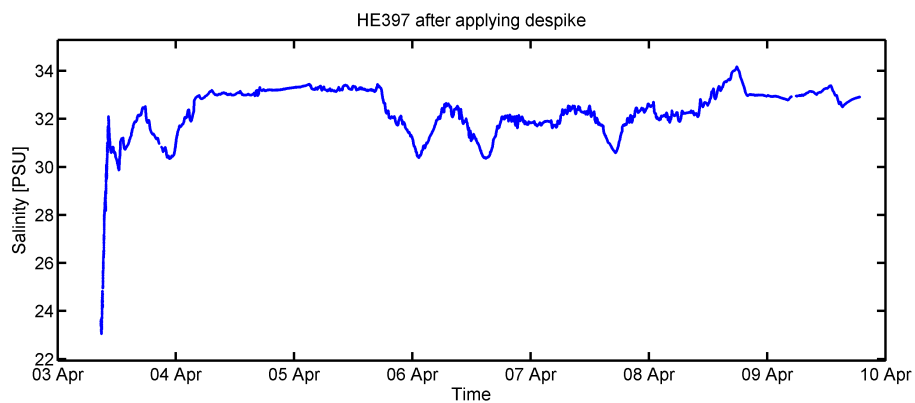


Figure 8: Salinity after despiking.

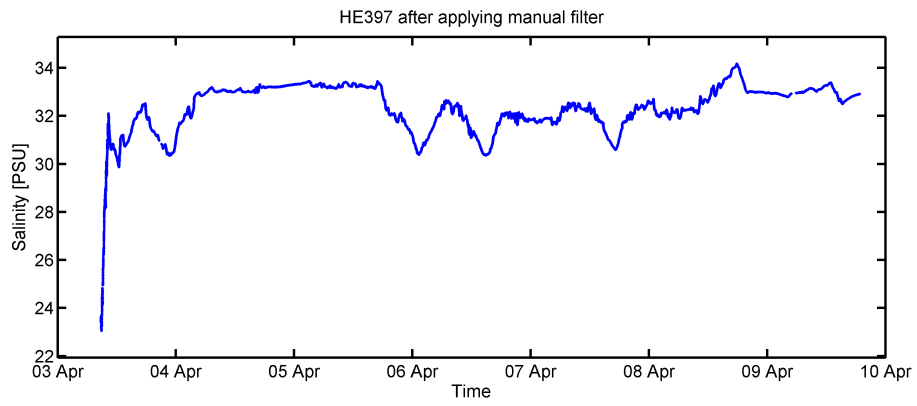


Figure 9: Salinity after manual filter.

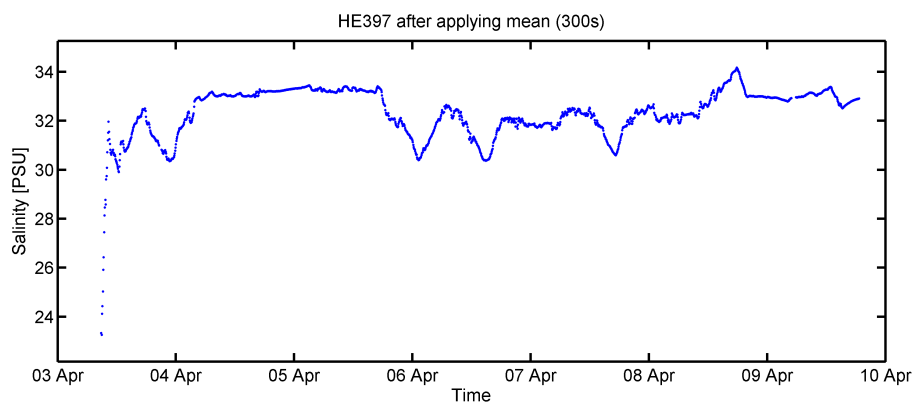


Figure 10: Salinity in 5-min-mean values.

Result file

Text File (HE397_surf_oce.tab):

The format is a plain text (tab-delimited values) file.

Column separator	Tabulator "\t"
Column 1	Date and time expressed according to ISO 8601
Column 3	Latitude in decimal format, unit degree
Column 4	Longitude in decimal format, unit degree
Column 5	Depth below water surface, unit meter
Column 6	Temperature, unit degree
Column 7	Salinity, unit PSU

Processing Report (HE397_TSG.pdf):

This PDF document.