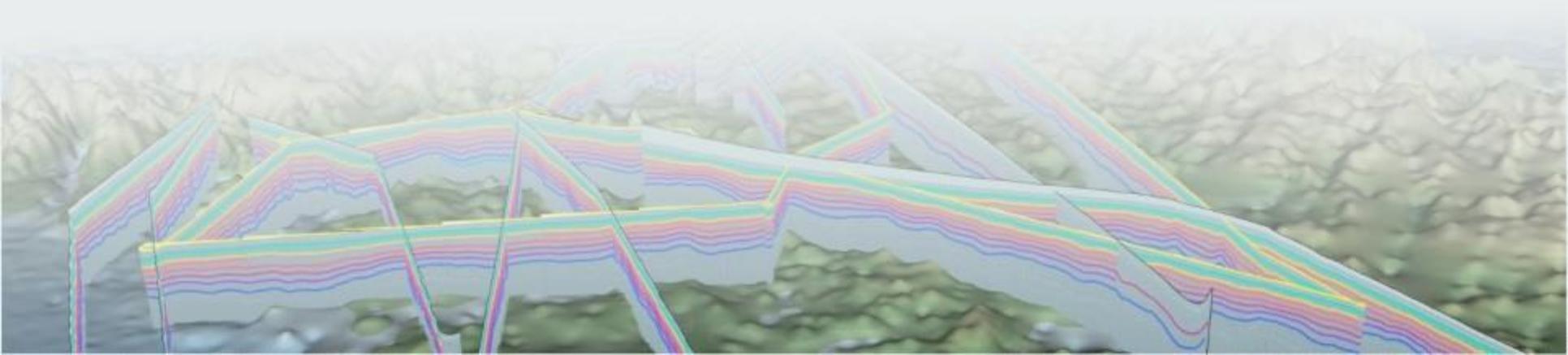




Age-depth distribution in western DML, Antarctica from 30 years of AWI radar surveys

Steven Franke, Daniel Steinhage, Veit Helm, Alexandra M. Zuhr, Julien A. Bodart, Olaf Eisen, and Paul D. Bons

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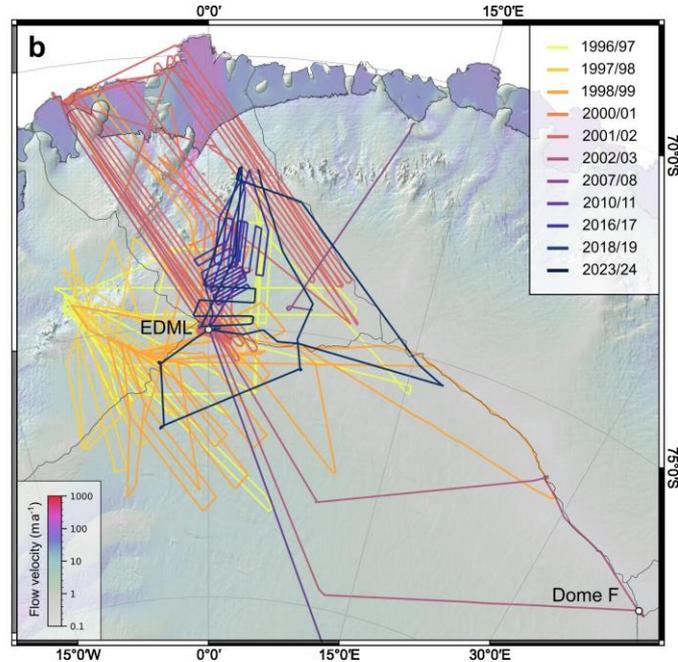
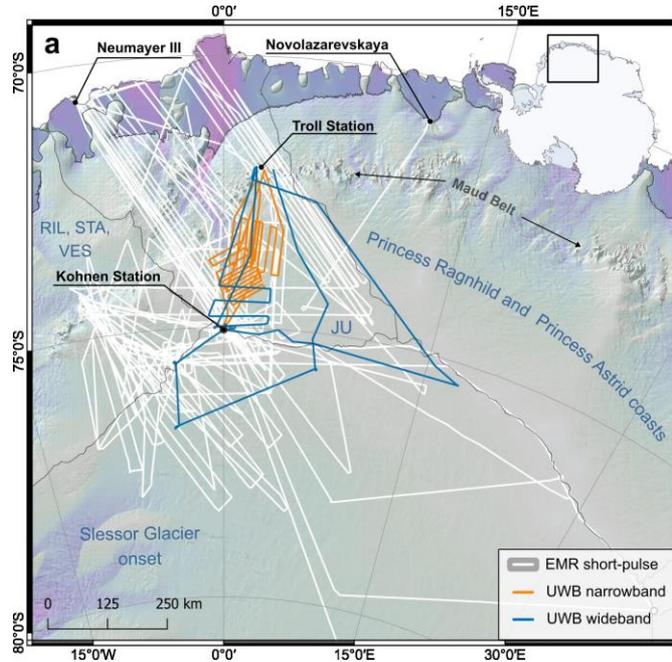
Overview



Radar system	Developer	Frequency	Transmit signal	Range resolution	Seasons
EMR	TU HH ^a	150 MHz	60 ns burst	~5 m	1996/97, 1997/98, 1998/99 2000/01, 2001/02, 2002/03 2007/08, 2010/11, 2016/17
AWI MCoRDS 5	CReSIS ^b	180–210 MHz (narrowband)	1, 3 & 10 μ s chirp	4.3 m	2018/19
AWI MCoRDS 5	CReSIS ^b	150–520 MHz (wideband)	1, 3 & 10 μ s chirp	0.35 m	2023/24

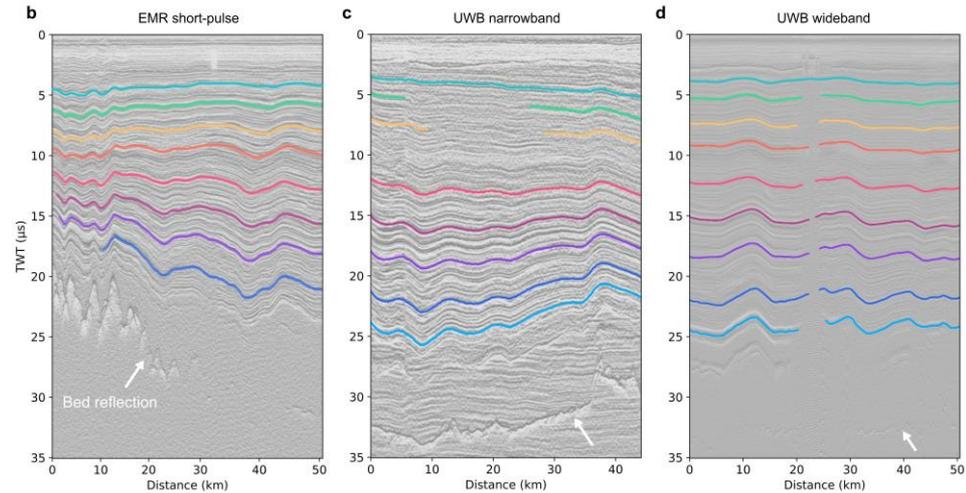
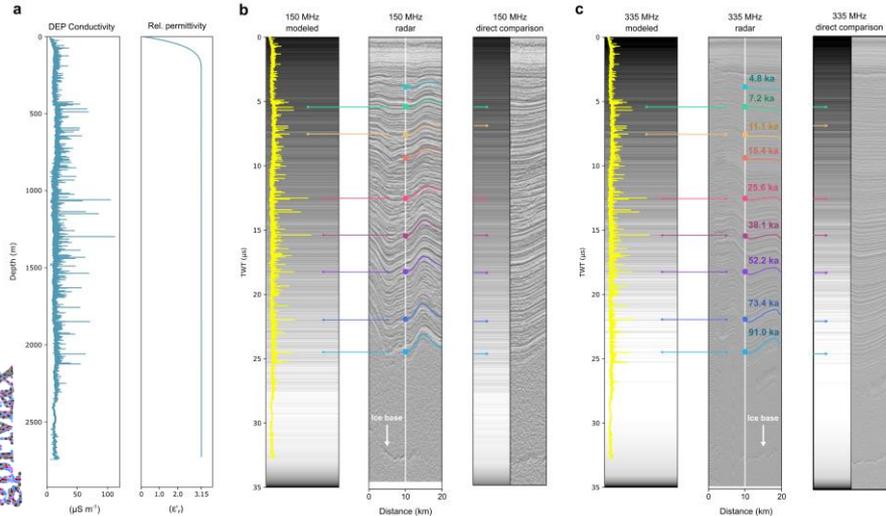
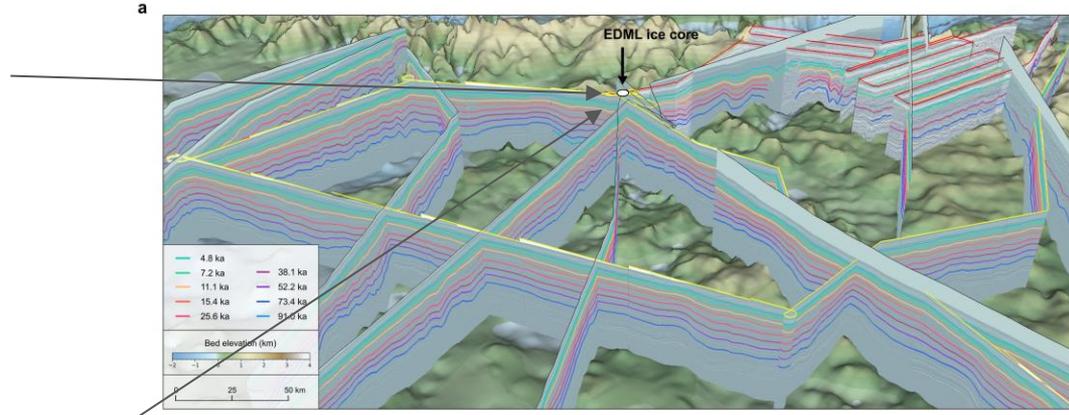
^a Technical University Hamburg-Hamburg

^b Center for Remote Sensing and Integrated Systems



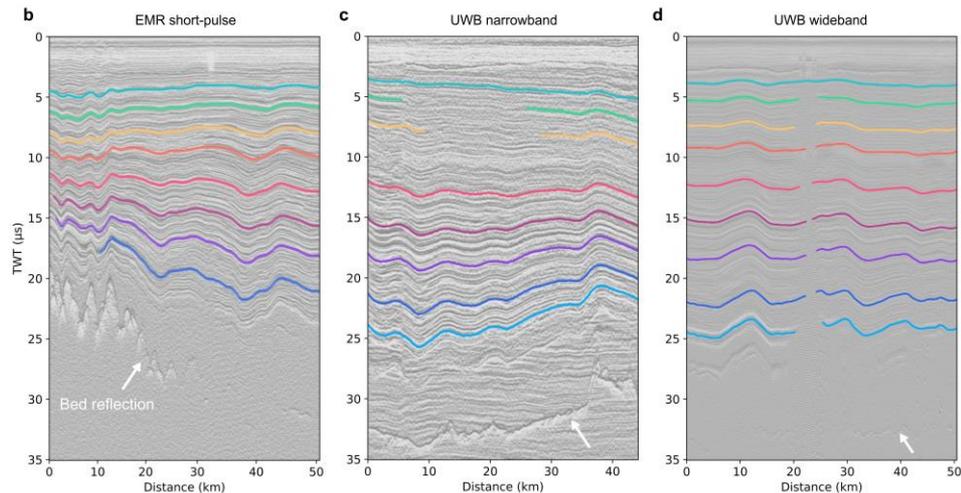
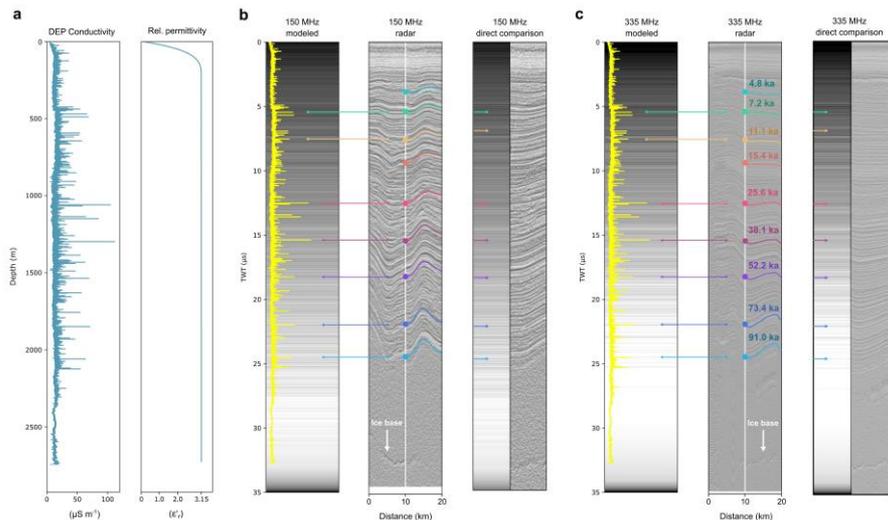
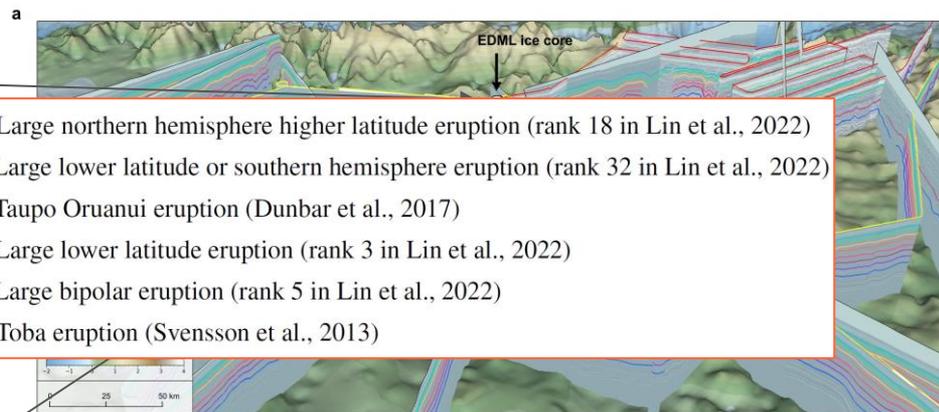
Tracing and dating IRHs

Mean TWT at EDML	Mean depth at EDML	Depth of conductivity peak	TWT-to-depth-based age	Conductivity peak-based age
3 989 ns	349 m		4.8 ± 0.62 ka	
5 503 ns	477 m	473.00 m	7.3 ± 0.76 ka	7.2 ± 0.04 ka
7 704 ns	662 m	650.25 m	11.2 ± 0.93 ka	11.1 ± 0.03 ka ^a
9 527 ns	816 m		15.4 ± 1.19 ka ^b	
12 677 ns	1081 m	1069.72 m	25.9 ± 2.08 ka	25.6 ± 0.03 ka ^c
15 661 ns	1332 m	1311.08 m	39.0 ± 2.69 ka	38.1 ± 0.02 ka ^d
18 470 ns	1569 m	1551.54 m	53.5 ± 4.22 ka	52.2 ± 0.07 ka ^e
22 217 ns	1884 m	1867.55 m	74.7 ± 5.34 ka	73.4 ± 0.88 ka ^f
24 723 ns	2095 m	2080.22 m	92.4 ± 7.52 ka	91.0 ± 1.10 ka



Tracing and dating IRHs

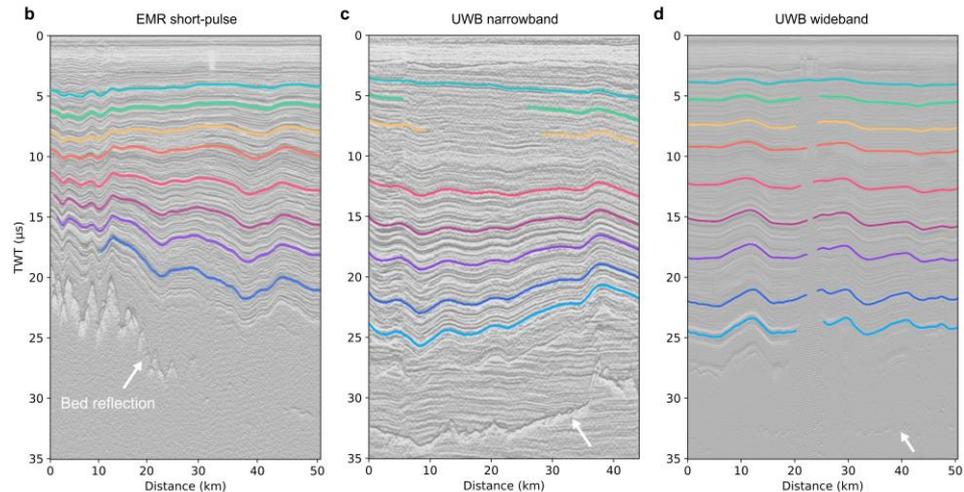
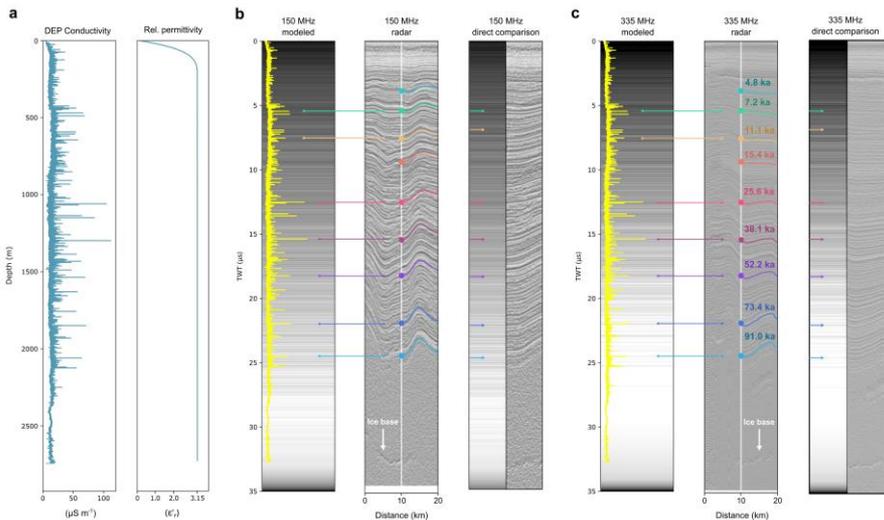
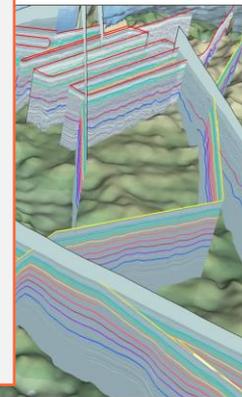
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- Muldoon (2018), Beem (2021), Bodart (2021, 2023)
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- Wang (2023), Cavitte (2021), Winter (2019), Beem (2021)
- Winter (2019),



Spatial coverage



Age-depth distribution in western Dronning Maud Land, East Antarctica, from three decades of radar surveys

Steven Franke^{1,2}, Daniel Steinhage², Veit Helm², Alexandra M. Zuhr¹, Julien A. Bodart³, Olaf Eisen^{2,4}, and Paul Bons¹

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Age stratigraphy in the East Antarctic Ice Sheet inferred from radio-echo sounding horizons

Anna Winter¹, Daniel Steinhage¹, Timothy T. Creyts², Thomas Kleiner¹, and Olaf Eisen^{1,3}

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³Department of Geosciences, Universität Bremen, Bremen, Germany

Correspondence: Olaf Eisen (olaf.eisen@awi.de)

Mapping age and basal conditions of ice in the Dome Fuji region, Antarctica, by combining radar internal layer stratigraphy and flow modeling

Zhuo Wang^{1,2}, Ailsa Chung³, Daniel Steinhage¹, Frédéric Parrenin³, Johannes Freitag³, and Olaf Eisen^{1,4}

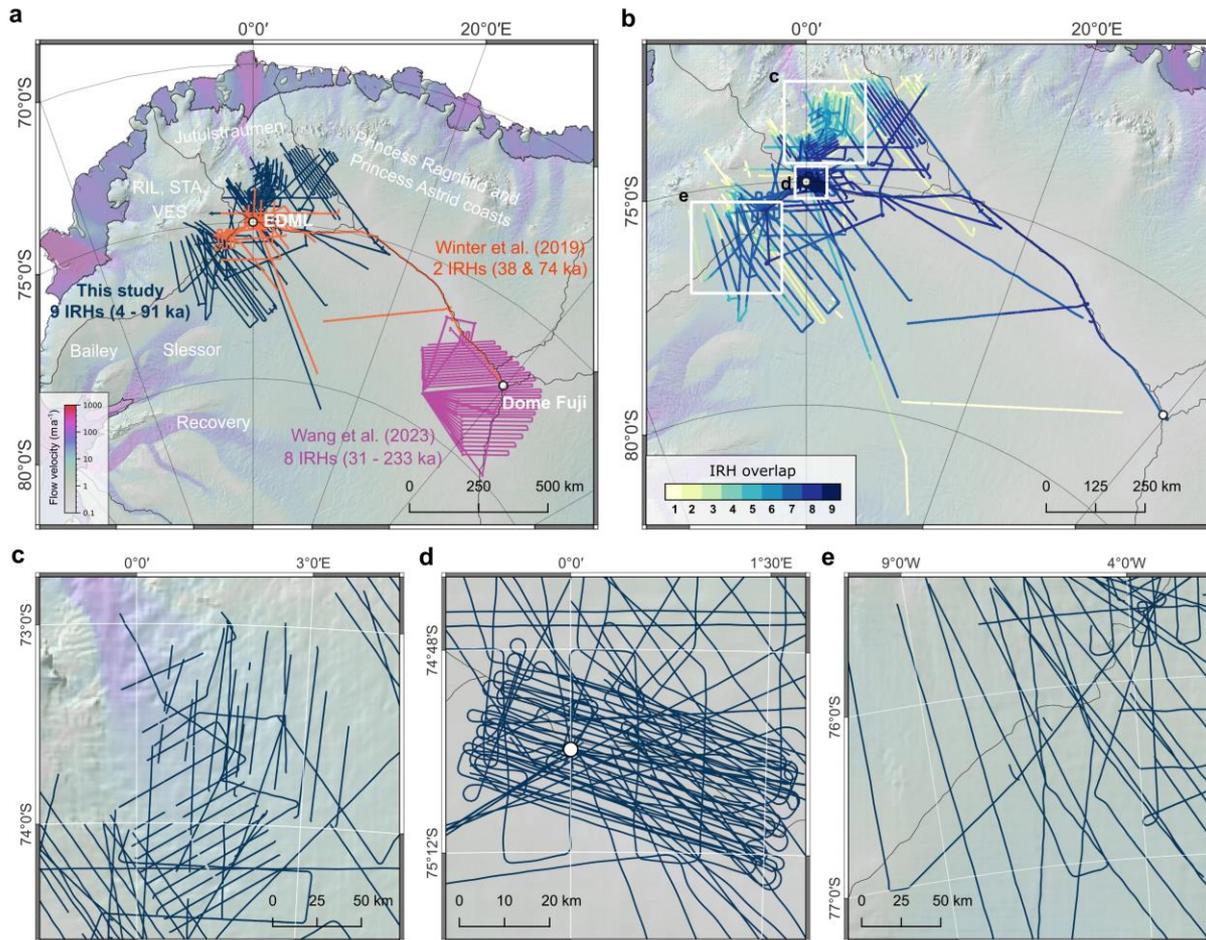
¹Alfred-Wegener-Institut, Helmholtz-Zentrum für Polar- und Meeresforschung, Bremerhaven, Germany

²College of Geospatial Science and Technology, Jilin University, Changchun, China

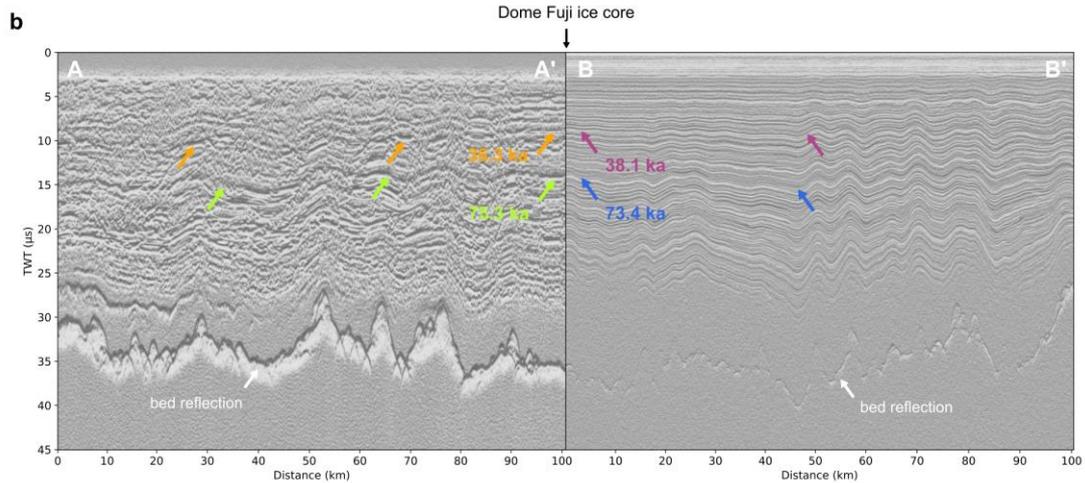
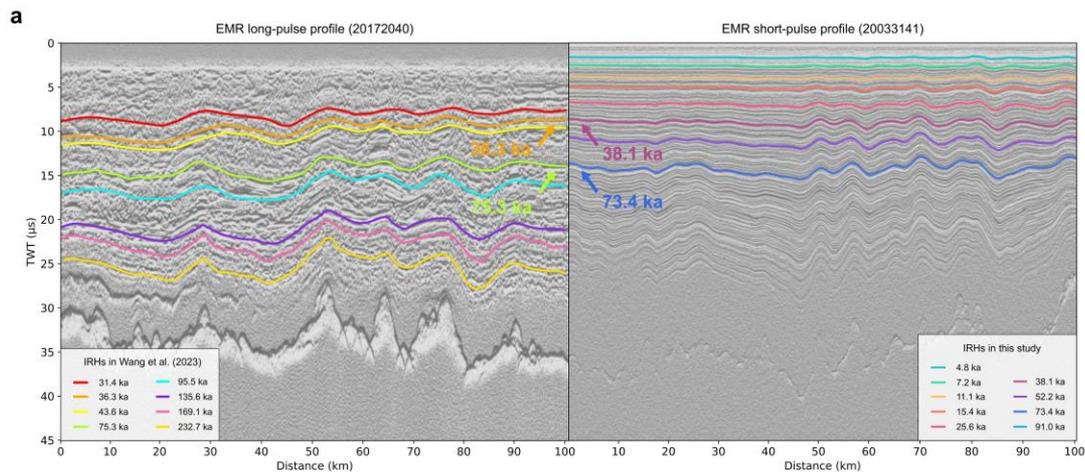
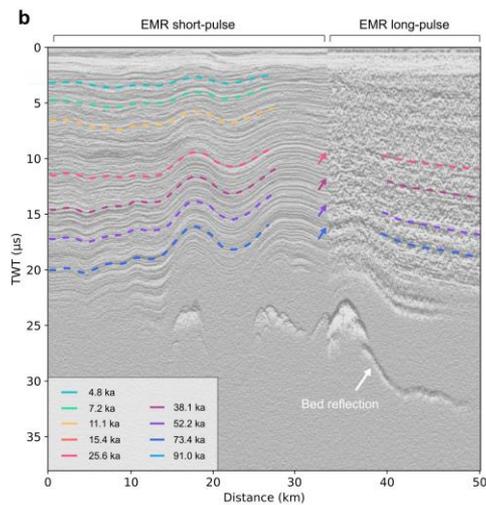
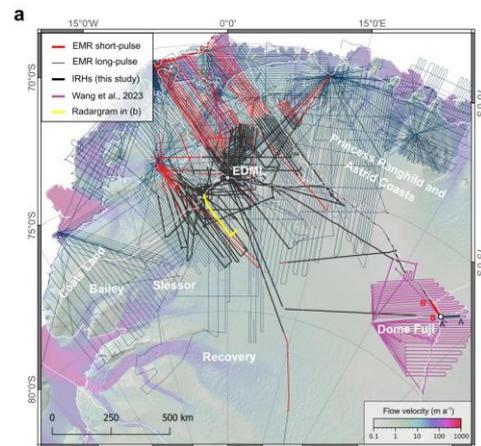
³Univ. Grenoble Alpes, CNRS, INRAE, IRD, Grenoble INP, IGE, 38000 Grenoble, France

⁴Department of Geosciences, Universität Bremen, Bremen, Germany

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Spatial coverage



Summary

- Expansion of IRH archive in DML (**Holocene** and Last Glacial Period)
- Many IRHs are caused by conductivity peaks and likely linked to deposits of large bipolar volcanic eruptions
- 7 IRHs are likely the same reflections documented in other studies (West and East Antarctica)
- Potential to expand the IRH archive with EMR long-pulse data for some IRHs

